

A COMPLAINT to the Governors of 45 States Against Congress & the Joint Congressional Committee Investigating the Japanese Attack on Pearl Harbor.

To His Excellency, Chauncey Sparks, Alabama; Sidney Osborn, Arizona; Ben Laney, Ark.; Earl Warren, California; John C. Vivian, Colorado; Raymond Baldwin, Conn.; Walter W. Bacon, Delaware; Millard Caldwell, Florida; Ellis G. Arnall, Georgia; Charles C. Gossett, Idaho; Dwight H. Green, Illinois; Ralph F. Gates, Indiana; Robert D. Blue, Iowa; Andrew Schoepel, Kansas; Simon Willis, Kentucky; J. H. David, Louisiana; Horace Hildreth, Maine; Herbert O'Connor, Maryland; Maurice J. Tobin, Mass.; Harry F. Kelly, Michigan; Edward J. Thye, Minn.; Thomas Bailey, Miss.; Phil Donnelly, Missouri; Samuel D. Ford, Montana; Dwight Griswold, Nebraska; Vail Pitman, Nevada; Charles M. Dale, New Hampshire; John J. Dempsey, New Mexico; R. Gregg Cherry, North Carolina; Fred G. Aandahl, North Dakota; Frank J. Lausche, Ohio; Robert S. Kerr, Oklahoma; Earl Snell, Oregon; Edward Martin, Pennsylvania; John A. Pastor, Rhode Island; Ransome J. Williams, South Carolina; M. Q. Sharpe, South Dakota; Jim McCord, Tennessee; Coke Stevenson, Texas; Herbert M. Maw, Utah; William M. Tuck, Virginia; Mon C. Wallgren, Washington; Clarence W. Meadows, West Virginia; Walter Goodland, Wisconsin; L. C. Hunt, Wyoming.

GREETINGS:

3,000 American soldiers, marines and seamen were slain at Pearl Harbor on Sunday morning, December 7, 1941 by the Japanese government, and thousands of others permanently crippled for life, and the perpetrators and confederates of the Japanese, for some reason, are not being exposed or punished.

The essence of this petition to your Excellencies, is to request you to collectively use what power or powers you may deem necessary in the premises, toward inducing, or compelling the Joint Congressional Committee Investigating the Japanese Attack on Pearl Harbor to take testimony and scrutinize incriminating documents from citizens having the said evidence in relation thereto. The below signed committee charges that the American confederates of the Japanese are the same shielded criminal band who for generations have been kidnapping American youngsters, brutally murdering them after tearing to shreds the souls of their parents with cruel inhuman ransom notes, and waylaying our young girls, raping and mutilating them, and that they are freely walking about to-day with a record of bloodshed covering almost every state in the union.

Alert citizens, co-tenants in a small studio building with relatives of Franklin Delano Roosevelt, had personal representatives of Emperor Hirohito and Crown Prince Wilhelm under surveillance since 1931, the time of the Wall Street-Cliveden sponsored Japanese invasion of Manchuria, aimed at Russia, an ancient rival, up to within a few weeks of the Japanese bombing of Pearl Harbor. In between these two events the citizens took advantage of an acrimonious state brought about by the bungling of the Lindbergh baby kidnapping, an inside job, and made off with registered instructions and credentials sent from Tokio and Berlin. Accompanying the identification documents carried by the Japanese were the officially endorsed photographs of over 100 persons

residing in the United States, persons acting in the capacity of secret agents of European and Japanese royalty, and known as monarchist fascists, and as such, violently opposed to the Hitler, Mussolini, Franco, Petrone and Japanese militarists fascists.

Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of War in the cabinet of William Howard Taft; Secretary of State in the cabinet of Herbert Hoover, and Secretary of War in the cabinet of Franklin Delano Roosevelt, as well as other members of Mr. Roosevelt's administration were linked, closely, or not far distant to the master minds of the above described international organization, responsible for the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor.

With the said unimpeachable, undeniable evidence, including the Japanese documents and photographs, the citizens have deluged the Congress to investigate this criminal organization within our midst, interrogate some of their members and make provision for the safety of the incriminating historical documents, but without success. The below signed committee has mailed approximately 30,000 leaflet communications, including five petitions, to the members of the Congress during the past decade, and never received one reply. Individual letters to the members of the Joint Congressional Committee investigating the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor brought answers from the Hon. Alben Barkley and the Honorable Homer Ferguson indicating a probability that the citizens may be called to testify, "later".

On July 25, 1945, this committee printed an eight page leaflet petition addressed personally to Harry S. Truman citing the above and charging this criminal band with countless kidnappings and murders, but never received a reply.

On November 29, 1945, this committee in a widely distributed leaflet, publicly challenged "the entire membership of the United States Congress and Senate to face these charges and refute them if they can". No reply.

On February 7, 1946, this committee, in a printed leaflet, requested the members of the United States Congress to "Reject the impending Pearl Harbor Report upon the grounds, that the said committee, (the Joint Congressional Committee) although earnestly beseeched to do so, having been offered convincing evidence warranting them in doing so, have up to this date February 7, 1946, neglected or failed to call as witnesses citizens having incriminating evidence and documents, indicating the identity and guilt of the persons responsible for the Japanese bombing of Pearl Harbor on December 7, 1941." Like all other leaflets, commencing in 1934, including the five petitions, not one reply was received by this committee, save the two mentioned above from Mr. Barkley and Mr. Ferguson.

During the past decade or more, this committee has mailed first class to the editors of most American newspapers and their Washington correspondents, over 800,000 leaflets, exposing this gang and their hookup with Imperial Japan, and never received one reply from editor or correspondent. In the meanwhile, kidnappings and mutilation murders of American youngsters, raping and mutilation murders of young high school girls continued. The recent kidnapping and decapitation murder of six year old Suzanne Degnan of Chicago, Illinois has all the earmarks of this gang's handiwork, particularly since the autopsy revealed that an attempt to outrage the child had been attempted.

Since this committee first gave the unheeded alarm to the American press and their Washington correspondents, the American newspaper industry has received from the United States government in the shape of a subsidy one billion, three hundred million dollars and the take is still on. Since the criminal band who have been murdering our children and their Japanese associates who murdered and tortured our servicemen have been aligned to, and shielded by politicians, politicians who have the power at the drop of a hat to shut off this subsidy, it may be surmised that the American newspaper profession is reluctant to expose this condition.

The entire history of Japan, since its introduction to the outside world in 1854 shows it to have been chiefly influenced by American politicians, mostly democratic. This close association, Godfather like, continued up to 1933, when Franklin Delano Roosevelt who then took office as president, piqued at the opposition to his election by some relatives and Wall Street interests, and the attempt on his life at Miami, Florida, recognized Russia, who had been outside the American pale since 1918.

Warren Delano was a partner from 1830 to 1860 in one of the most influential firms in China known as Russell & Co. This firm was one of the first to sell a cargo of American goods to the newly opened nation, and had a lot to do in inducing the then truculent Japanese to meet the officers of the American fleet. Since that year 1854 up to 1941, the Japanese Emperor and Delano relations carried on undercover relations in a small duplex studio building located at 148 West 72nd Street, New York City. Through racial characteristics, the Japanese were handicapped in espionage work, but this was overcome by the Delano and Astor dynasty arranging for the Japanese spies to work behind the royalist undercover agency which had its headquarters in the 72nd Street building.

148 West 72nd Street, the long time rendezvous and meeting place of royalist secret agents and the Japanese hiding behind them, was owned from 1912 by Mrs.

Emma C. S. Hassey, wife of Edward F. Hassey, a lawyer. Mrs. Hassey was related to Francis Du Pont of Charlestown, South Carolina on her father's side, and to former United States Senator and Secretary of War Proctor of Vermont on her mother's side. Her square block summer residence was located at 65 N. Main Street, where it has been stated four former presidents of the United States has been entertained. Mrs. Hassey's people were entertaining Theodore Roosevelt in Vermont the day William McKinley was assassinated at Buffalo, N. Y.

Shortly after William McKinley was assassinated at Buffalo, N. Y., Emile A. Hassey, a brother of Edward F. Hassey, received a brown stone house located on West 123rd Street, New York City. This house was juggled in kind by a Halpin to Myrick to Scovel to Johnson to Robbins to Roberts to Hassey. A Halpin was cashier of the Roosevelt-Astor bank; Myrick was Henry A. Myrick of Ohio whom McKinley brought to Washington when he took office as president; Frederick E. Scovel was the husband of Marcial Roosevelt, granddaughter of Governor Van Ness of Vermont. Johnson of Seneca Falls was an associate of Elihu Root, former law partner of Henry L. Stimson while the Robbins were relatives of the Delanos.

Emile A. Hassey, recipient of this brown stone house was an attorney with offices in a building located at 302 Broadway, New York City, managed and operated by the Roosevelts, one of whom was the father of the late president. Hassey was a tenant of this Astor owned building, of which the Roosevelts were trustees, for a period of fifteen years.

During the Morganheim rape of Alaska the early part of this century, Edward F. Hassey wearing a United States Marshal's shield, was arrested for the murder of a native and the critically wounding of some others. He was convicted and sent to the Puget Sound prison where a Presidential pardon awaited his arrival.

The powerful Roosevelt-Astor-DuPont-Lorillard bank in Wall Street has had members of the Joshua Jones family direct its destiny for upwards of 70 years. A daughter of Jones was married to a man named Post, who with Cornelius V. Roosevelt was one of the original founders of the bank. Post's sister was married to William Condon of New Rochelle, N. Y. The Jones mansion was located on the corner of Fifth Avenue and East 57th Street opposite the famous William K. Vanderbilt mansion. Mary Mason Jones wife of the president of the bank and mother of two succeeding presidents, built three fashionable residences adjoining the mansion on Fifth Avenue for her children, one of whom was married to an Iselin of New Rochelle, N. Y. upon whose property the decapitated body of kidnapped Peter Levine was found.

Mary Mason Jones died in 1892 and the executors of her estate promptly leased two of the houses mentioned above for a 10 year term to Edward Condon a school-teacher of New Rochelle and cousin to the notorious "Jafise". The lease was not recorded. Condon's father died that year, and in his last will and testament on file in the New York City Surrogate's office, disinherited his son characterizing him as a bankrupt and deadbeat. Condon thereupon assigned his ten year lease to a man named Robinson, a next door neighbor to Leonard Biel, one time law partner of Samuel I. Rosenman. Robinson and Biel purchased their houses about the same time from an uncle of Condon named Mahony. The assignment of the lease by Condon to Robinson was drawn

up by Condon while residing in Philadelphia, and was drawn up in legal form, and recorded in the New York City Register's office by an attorney named Lewis, uncle of the kidnapped Charley Ross of earlier days.

Frederick W. Robinson to whom Edward B. Condon leased the Fifth Avenue houses opened a small shop in an isolated section of the city near the Harlem River. Nine year old Willie McCormick was kidnapped at the time in what was described "a national catastrophe". By a strange coincidence, the unfortunate child's parents were instructed to pay over a large ransom and place it in a spot adjacent to Robinson's newly opened store. By a stranger coincidence, Willie McCormick's landlord placed a \$16,000 mortgage on a house owned by Mrs. Edward F. Hassey. And by a still stranger coincidence, this house subsequently became the property of a prominent chairman of the National Democratic Campaign committee and a personal friend of the late President as well as being closely associated with Judge Joseph Crater who disappeared in 1930 and was never heard from.

The scum of diplomacy and the human rats that infested the war department agencies of the world and killers and fiends, as well as top undercover agents of kings and rulers were visitors to the Hassey-Delano-West 72nd Street building. One of the combine, belonging in the category of killer, was a broken nosed Greek highwayman and gunman just released from a prison. This fiend broke in on a children's Christmas tree party several years ago in the state of Washington and kidnapped little Charley Mattson, breaking every bone in the child's body. The boy's home situated on a river bank overlooked a Guggenheim smelter. Dorothy Arnold, a society belle, mysteriously disappeared in 1910. She was last seen with her sweetheart George Griscom who when wanted for questioning was found to be in Italy with his cousin Lloyd Griscom, then Ambassador to Italy. Mrs. Edward F. Hassey and the sweetheart of the Greek bandit mentioned above subsequently became owners of one of Mr. Lloyd Griscom's apartment houses. Without going further into other crimes of Hirohito's American associates we will tell you of the Hassey origin in this country.

The first Hassey, like the first Astor, (Henry) came to this country with the British and German Hessian troops in 1776 to fight the colonists. King George III of England, a German, paid about \$6,000,000 to the Landgrave of Hesse-Cassel for the use of 30,000 troops to help defeat the colonists. Frederick the Great, of the Hohenzollern family, was King of Prussia at the time, and an enemy of the Hessians, and with the connivance of English militarists who were opposed to the calling in of outside troops, Frederick succeeded in planting in among the Hessian troops some of his top spies among whom were Henry Hassey and Jacob Hauptman. The Hessian lost 15,000 of their troops, many of them through desertion. Members of the Hassey clan boasted that it was Hassey who divulged to Washington, through a circuitous manner, the plot against his life by Benedict Arnold and Major Andre, which resulted in the capture of Andre by natives of the Hudson Valley.

The first Congress met in New York City in 1789, and George Washington was inaugurated as first President of the United States, the same year, in Federal Hall, located on the corner of Wall and Nassau Streets, the site of the present United States Mint. Those were momentous times, times that tried men's souls. Our founding

fathers at the time, went in for long hair and braids, and early woodcuts depict them being primed up for the Washington inauguration in a hairdressing establishment located at 72 Wall Street, next door to the scene of the inauguration. This shop was owned and operated by Henry Hassey and the building owned by Joshua Jones. Jacob Hauptman operated a printing shop at the time at 27 Chatham Street in a building also owned by Joshua Jones.

Strong supporters and followers of George Washington were members of the Sayre family, to whom Winston Churchill, Woodrow Wilson and Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt are related, subsequent records show that Washington, Jefferson and Franklin fired one of them, the most prominent and active, Stephen Sayre, confident agent in Germany and Sweden; a matter that Sayre brought before the United States Congress in a petition for payment for services rendered, shortly after Washington's death. The Sayres with the Halls, maternal relatives of Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt lived in Elizabeth, N. J. prior to and following the American revolution. In 1768 Stephen Sayre went to London, England where he became collector of the Massachusetts colonies for George the third. Several years later, though an American, he became Sheriff of London. Upon the break of hostilities between the colonies and the mother country he was in the George Washington inner circle.

Congress awarded George Washington, in recognition of his services to the cause of American independence, 40,000 acres of land situated in Ohio and Kentucky. Some of the land, following the death of Washington in 1800 came into the possession of members of the Sayre family, notably, David A. Sayre, who did much to develop the state with Henry Clay and John Breckenridge. (Henry Breckenridge was Assistant Secretary of War in the cabinet of Woodrow Wilson, and, Charles Lindbergh's attorney and friend) Sayre founded the bank of Kentucky, an institution of which Orville Truman was an official for a great many years. He also founded the Female College of Lexington, Kentucky, of which Henry Brainerd McClellan, a member of the staff of General Robert E. Lee, and cousin of General George B. McClellan, whom Abraham Lincoln intimated was guilty of treason, was principal from 1870 to 1904.

David A. Sayre owned a family mansion in New York City located at Fifth Avenue and East 13th Street, which his heirs subsequently sold to Marshall Field. On an adjoining lot on Fifth Avenue, Sayre built a store which was operated as a fashionable restaurant by a man named Waggaman, whose address, according to the lease was Washington, D. C. The present Marshall of the United States Supreme Court is a man named Waggaman. When Reginald A. Sayre, Waggaman's landlord sold the Fifth Avenue mansion to Marshall Field, he moved into a newly purchased home on East 45th Street, the ancestral home of the Henry Stimson family. Winston Churchill, Eleanor Roosevelt and Woodrow Wilson were all related to the Sayre clan. Lewis A. Sayre, brother of Reginald, married Mary L. Hall, daughter of David P. Hall, a Winthrop-Astor realty operator. Valentine G. Hall, Eleanor Roosevelt's grandfather, married Mary B. Hall. Leonard Jerome, New York City banker and former director of the New York Times, married Jennie Hall. Their daughter married Winston Churchill's father. Margaret Wilson, daughter of Woodrow Wilson, married Frances Bowes Sayre. Sayre was Assistant Secretary of State in 1933 under Cordell Hull, and High Commissioner of the Philippines in 1941.

ARMS OF SIR RICE MANSELL



Knt. ARMORIAL DESCRIPTION

ARMS OF SIR EDWARD MANSEL

According to John Guillim "A Display of Heraldry. 1742"



Some years prior to the American Revolution the British fought the French and Indians, George Washington being a participant. In the struggle the British captured Canada from the French, General John Maunsell being most prominent in that war. For recognition for his services King George gave him a grant of land in New York City and Vermont. Maunsell married a New Jersey girl named Stilwell and when hostilities broke out between the colonists and the mother country he returned to Ireland, not wishing to fight against his wife's people, Washington and former members of his forces, now on the other side of the lines. The British forces, after they captured New York City, made their headquarters on his estate.

Above is the coat of arms of members of the Maunsell family. The armorial description of the coat of arms showing the ladder leading to the roof of a castle, the Maunsells being noted for their dexterity in getting in on enemies from above, is as follows:

"The ladder thus raised against the Tower may put us in mind to stand carefully upon our guard, who live in this world, as in a castle continually assaulted by our spiritual and corporal enemies, that cease not ever more to put in execution whatsoever tendeth to our destruction."

The large coat of arms with the quarterings represent various relatives, through marriage, etc. These include the names of Hopkins, Morgan, Booth and Drake. The Sir Francis Drake coat of arms, known as two wiggly lines, and one of the features of the Lindbergh ransom notes, is in the lower left hand corner. Sir Francis Drake through his explorations, was credited with joining the eastern and western hemispheres. They represented the entwined circles in the ransom notes. The red disc in the center, represented Japan, a member of the family. Next to the Drake wiggly lines as shown in the above coat of arms is a three section ladder design, with a burlap bag said to contain an undesirable young prince claimant to a throne. It will be noted that the three sections of ladder are lying precisely as the three sections of ladder used in the Lindbergh baby kidnapping were, according to Mr. Lindbergh's and police officers testimony. Instead of a burlap bag, there was a dowel pin and chisel, according to Lindbergh. A comparison between the Maunsell section ladders and the Lindbergh ladders show the same number of rungs, widely separated.

The correct name of Lindbergh's grandfather was Manson and a relative of the Maunsells.

David L. Sayre, most prominently mentioned in the will of David A. Sayre, lived for close on to 40 years in the family home on East 22nd Street, New York City. When David L. Sayre died his widow sold the family home to August Hassey, father-in-law of Mrs. Edward F. Hassey.

The Alexander Hamilton home on East 7th Street, New York City, occupied by the family for 75 years was sold to August Hassey as was a large amount of other Hamilton property. One of the Hamilton pieces Hassey sold to Alice Robbins. In the last will and testament of Alice Robbins who died a few years ago, Herman Kimmel acted as a witness to the drawing of the instrument. His home was in Kentucky. Husband Kimmel came out of Kentucky.

Just as the Robbins family was related to the Delano family, as any well informed biographer knows, so too was the Ball family related to George Washington on his mother's side. The realty records are replete with transactions between members of the Ball family and August Hassey and his four lawyer sons. Hornbeck, Rohl, Gessel, Schulz, Kramer, Clausen were names holding the spotlight in the Joint Congressional Committee's investigating of the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor. Families of the same name were tenants of August Hassey in Winthrop-Astor leased houses.

Mrs. Edward F. Hassey purchased 148 West 72nd Street in 1912 from Mrs. Emma Marcy Raymond, a Social Registerite, and cousin of General George B. McClellan, whom Abraham Lincoln removed as head of the Army of the Potomac, following continuous, disastrous losses to the Union forces when victory appeared in sight. "It looks to me like treason" remarked Lincoln in ending McClellan's military career for all time.

Before purchasing the 75th Street house from Mrs. Raymond, Mrs. Hassey owned a house on West 75th Street near Central Park West. She purchased this house from James T. Hall of Elizabeth, N. J., an uncle of Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt. Hall was interested at the time in handling Henry Morgenthau company properties. The 75th Street house was one of about 75 parcels that the Morgenthau firm received from the executors of the last will and testament of Joshua Jones.

Before purchasing on West 75th Street, Edward F. Hassey and his wife owned and lived in a four story mansion located at 113 West 63rd Street, especially built for them by the Winthrop family, and who carried the mortgage on the property for over 20 years. The Hasseys owned several other houses on the block, one of them subsequently being acquired by James A. Farley. The Stimson family owned parcels 17½ and 18. Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of State at the time of the Japanese invasion of Manchuria in 1931 and the Lindbergh baby kidnapping in 1932 and the Japanese bombing of Pearl Harbor in 1941 was a law partner of Edgerton L. Winthrop. Mrs. Edgerton L. Winthrop and Mrs. George B. McClellan, Jr. were sisters.

The Hasseys sold the West 63rd Street house to James T. Hall of the Morgenthau firm, whereupon it passed through mesne conveyances to members of the Roosevelt-Delano dynasty, such as George Humphreys, partner of Montfort Sayre, the Livingstons, relatives of Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, and the Fergusons, relatives of Robert H. Ferguson, who with James Roosevelt Roosevelt, half brother of Franklin Delano Roosevelt, were trustees of the estate of William Astor. The father of the

Delano who maintained a code depot and mail drop in Mrs. Hassey's West 72nd Street building, although the Social Register shows their residence to be on Park Avenue and in Oyster Bay, L. I., as well as being the best man at the wedding of Franklin Delano to Eleanor Roosevelt, handled many of the conveyances and mortgages on the Hassey 63rd Street house, as well as being a witness to the last will and testament of Robert Ferguson and several of the Livingstons.

The Swedenborg Foundation now owns the Hassey 63rd Street building. Lewis A. Sayre was decorated with the Order of Wosso by the King of Sweden. Charles A. Lindbergh's grandfather was secretary to the King of Sweden.

Mrs. Emma Marcy Raymond who sold 148 West 72nd Street to Mrs. Hassey was a daughter of Dr. Erastus Marcy, who in turn was a brother of General Randolph B. Marcy, Chief of Staff for General George B. McClellan. An uncle was William Learned Marcy, three times democratic Governor of the State of New York; United States Senator, Secretary of War in the cabinet of President Polk and Secretary of State in the cabinet of President Pierce, all democrats. As Secretary of War in the cabinet of President Polk, Marcy directed the war with Mexico. Here too, there were suspicious troop losses and a charge of insubordination made against General Winfield Scott, who like Grant found the going much easier when once cut adrift from some Washington connections. The matter was whitewashed however with the explanation that there were errors of judgment.

Marcy had the nation disturbed no end by his insistence that we buy Cuba from Spain or seize it by force if necessary. The Hasseys probable connection, as revealed by public records, with the battleship "Maine" explosion, would fill a book.

While Marcy was Secretary of State in the cabinet of President Pierce in 1854, Commodore Matthew Perry opened Japan to outside civilization. Marcy made the first treaty with Japan, which saw the introduction of Japanese silk, owned almost exclusively by the Japanese Emperor's family, to this country. The New York City directories around 1892, show H. T. Gaddum and Company of Manchester, England, Yokohama and Tokio, operating a raw silk branch at 69 Mercer Street, New York City in a building that had been owned by a George C. Marshall, and then by his heirs. The 1892 city directory shows George B. McClellan to be a city alderman and a treasurer in that building.

In 1864 when it was ascertained that McClellan was going to run against Lincoln for the presidency, Lincoln caused to be passed a tariff law against Japanese silk that was generally known as "a strangulation tariff law". There was little doubt that it hurt the Marcy and McClellan families severely, as they were heavily interested in Japanese silk, together with the Japanese Emperor. In 1900, William McKinley caused to be passed, what had been called "a guillotine tariff law against silk". Both gentlemen died within months of the passing of those bills.

Mrs. Emma Marcy Raymond died shortly after conveying 148 West 72nd Street to Mrs. Hassey. Her last will and testament was contested by heirs as being illegally drawn. The litigation went to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, where it was settled to the satisfaction of George B. McClellan, Jr. and the other heirs. Harlan Fiske Stone, Chief Justice of the United States represented George B. McClellan and members

of his family and drew up the papers of settlement between all of the heirs, as shown in liber 202, pages 71 to 82, section 3, Register's Office, New York City.

A business partner of the Delano relative maintaining a studio in the 148 West 72nd Street building, the United States undercover headquarters of Imperial Japan and General Jiro Minami, was named. Hiss. Alger Hiss, former special assistant to Homer Cummings; law secretary with Ben Cohen and Tommy (the Cork) Corcoran, special assistant to the diplomatic group in charge of Far Eastern affairs is now big shot in the State Department.

Hiss was endorsed by Supreme Court Justice Felix Frankfurter at the beginning of the New Deal.

The realty records in New York City show the Hassey clan to be linked to individuals of the same surname of many of the Frankfurter landlords, covering a long term of years.

Harlan Fiske Stone, while Attorney General, appointed J. Edgar Hoover, Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Mr. Mitchell who was Chief Counsel for the Joint Congressional Committee investigating the Japanese bombing of Pearl Harbor was his Solicitor General, and associate of J. Edgar Hoover in the Department of Justice. During the Japanese invasion of Manchuria in 1931 and the Japanese kidnapping of the Lindbergh baby in 1932, Mr. Mitchell was Attorney General. Mr. Mitchell has since retired from the Pearl Harbor investigating committee together with Gearhardt Gessel his assistant, and Mr. Setn Richardson, Mr. Mitchell's former Solicitor General while Attorney General has taken his place.

The Marcy-Raymond mansion was located at 396 Fifth Avenue, New York City, and was jointly inherited by Mrs. Raymond and her sister Mrs. Nina Stedman, wife of an attorney. When Mrs. Stedman died, Mrs. Raymond contested her will, Samuel Untermeyer acting as her attorney. Joseph Brewster represented the Stedman heirs, named Johnson and Walker and living in Hartford, Conn. It will be remembered that when "Red" Johnson, sweetheart of "Betty" Gow Lindbergh baby nursemaid was arrested in Hartford, Conn., at the home of a brother. He stated that he had had an appointment with "Betty" for the night of the kidnapping, but that "Betty" was unable to keep the engagement owing to the illness of the baby. He stated that he then went driving in his automobile until midnight with two servants in the Morrow home, named Mr. and Mrs. Johannes Jung. The records in the Surrogates record room in New York City show that Edward F. Hassey was a witness and attorney in drawing up the will of the elder Jung.

Valentine G. Hall, grandfather of Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt was a next door neighbor of Mrs. Raymond on Fifth Avenue, living at number 398. The house was subsequently inherited by the parents of Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt and John T. Hall of Elizabeth, N. J. With the encroachment of business on Fifth Avenue, the Raymonds and the Elliott Roosevelts rented their houses for business purposes. The Raymond heirs leased and

then sold to the Singer Sewing Machine Company. Winthrop and Stimson were attorneys for the Singer Company. The Halls and Roosevelts rented their mansion to a firm of custom tailors named Adolph Wallander and Truman Parsons. Arthur Wallander is the present Police Commissioner in New York City. Truman Parsons was related to Will Parsons, husband of Alice Parsons of Stony Brook, L. I., who was kidnapped by the Hassey outfit and never heard from.

Franklin H. Delano married Laura Astor. James Roosevelt Roosevelt, the late President's half brother married Helen Astor. Franklin H. Delano lived at 37 Lafayette Place; William Astor at 39 Lafayette Place; Warren Delano at 41 Lafayette Place and Edward B. Hoover, uncle of J. Edgar Hoover at 43 Lafayette Place, all in the same period.

Eric Muentner, who set off a bomb in a wing of the United States Senate some years ago was traced through trunk checks to a farm at Oyster Bay, L. I., owned by August Hassey. Tom Mooney lived in a house owned by Edward F. Hassey. An uncle of "Gus" Gennerich, house guest and attendant to Franklin Delano Roosevelt, was a client of Edward F. Hassey. Countless political leaders and high police officials were linked to the Hasseys, in realty transactions, as were victims of horror crimes and atrocious murders. A four year old boy, kidnapped and murdered, was traced back 75 years to a relative of Mrs. Hassey. A 19 year old Pennsylvania high school girl kidnapped, raped and thrown into a creek with her stomach ripped open, was traced to the family of one of the Hassey gang of blue eyed royalist Germans. A divorce action, the motive. An investigation following a brutal slaying of a Minister and his sweetheart choir singer revealed that the clergyman's church directors kindly rewarded Edward F. Hassey with a \$75,000 mortgage. The mortgage was handled later by a former law partner of nine year old kidnapped, decapitated, Peter Levine.

Lack of space prevents the printing of countless similar connections of this protected assassination agency, with victims of so called unsolved murders, and with families of the same name as that of former generals, those of the flagrant losing side. What is most important, is the will to stop this gang before we are shocked with other kidnappings and rape murders and to prevent another Pearl Harbor, designed by counterfeit patriots to draw us into another war.

If the Joint Congressional Committee Investigating the Japanese bombing of Pearl Harbor, will devote a little of their time to examining witnesses who know who set the fire at Pearl Harbor, instead of stalling with those who put it out, this nation can be made a better and safer place to live in.

HAL WALTON

Chairman for the Committee of Witnesses

Volunteer in the World War I

Served in France with the 29th Engineers
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April 3, 1946